

CAPITAL PARTNERS

BBH Limited Duration Fund

Quarterly Fund Update | 3Q 2025

3Q Highlights

- The Fund had strong performance during the quarter, with sector effects driving performance.
- Credit dynamics remained broadly healthy, supported by low default rates and steady fundamentals across most sectors.
- While there have been idiosyncratic corporate defaults and signs of stress for some consumers, credit losses remain low and manageable for companies and securitization structures.

PERFORMANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Total r	eturns	Average annual total returns				
Fund/benchmark	3 mo.	YTD	1 yr.	3 yr.	5 yr.	10 yr.	Since inception
BBH Limited Duration Fund - Class I	1.40%	4.38%	5.53%	6.72%	4.04%	3.37%	3.91%
BBH Limited Duration Fund - Class N	1.48%	4.32%	5.45%	6.64%	3.96%	3.26%	3.77%
Bloomberg US 1-3 Year Treasury Bond Index	1.12%	3.99%	3.89%	4.36%	1.53%	1.67%	2.56%
Reference Benchmark	1.38%	3.97%	4.68%	5.29%	2.78%	2.47%	2.63%

Class I inception: 12/03/2002; Class I: Net/gross expense ratio (%) 0.27 / 0.27

Class N inception: 12/22/2000; Class N: Net/gross expense ratio (%): 0.35 / 0.49

Returns of less than one year are not annualized.

The Investment Advisor has contractually agreed to limit the Total Annual Fund Operating for the BBH Limited Duration Fund Class N to 0.35%, through March 1, 2026. The Expense Limitation Agreement may only be terminated during its term with approval of the Fund's Board of Trustees.

The Reference Benchmark is an unmanaged weighted index comprised as follows: 40% Bloomberg Short-Term Corporate Index; 40% Bloomberg US Aggregate ABS Index; and 20% Bloomberg US Treasury Bills Index. The inception date of the reference benchmark is 12/31/04. The indexes are not available for direct investment.

Performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results and current performance may be lower or higher than the past performance data quoted. The investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. For performance current to the most recent month-end please call 1-800-625-5759.

Sources: Bloomberg and BBH

Market Environment

U.S. fixed income markets posted solid returns during third quarter 2025 as interest rates declined across the curve, the Federal Reserve (the Fed) cut rates, and credit risk spreads narrowed further. All mainstream indexes had positive total returns and excess returns to credit.

Credit risk spreads were lower across all major indexes, and, for many indexes, quarter-end index spreads declined to levels last experienced in the late 1990s. The Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Index's quarter-end spread hit its lowest month-end level since May 1998, while month-end spreads of double-B and single-B corporate

bonds were lower at quarter-end only four times over the past 30 years. Structural changes to the composition of broad investment grade and high yield corporate bond indexes may provide reasons for these low spread levels. Looking forward from these spread levels, expected credit returns are meager and negative in many instances.

Unsurprisingly, the BBH Valuation Framework¹ indicates a very low level of appropriately valued opportunities. The Framework showed that 3% of investment grade corporate bonds, 44% of corporate loans, 24% of high-yield corporate bonds, and no segment of the agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) market met our criteria for purchase at quarterend. Spreads of collateralized loan obligation (CLO) debt and many nontraditional asset-backed security (ABS) subsectors sit at the narrowest ends of their historic ranges. However, there remain opportunities in pockets

EXHIBIT I: FIXED INCOME INDEXES RETURNS

	Duration	Total return (%)		Excess return (%)	
Index	(Years)	QTD	YTD	QTD	YTD
J.P. Morgan Leveraged Loan Index ¹	0.3	1.70	4.60	0.62	1.39
Palmer Square CLO Debt Index ¹	0.3	2.10	6.02	1.02	2.80
Bloomberg 2 Year U.S. Treasury Bellwether Index	1.8	1.03	3.79	-	-
Bloomberg ABS ex Stranded Cost Utilities Index	1.9	1.46	4.49	0.29	0.48
Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index	2.8	2.54	7.22	1.29	2.40
Bloomberg Non-Agency CMBS Index	3.5	1.87	6.25	0.62	0.99
ICE BofA AA-BBB US Misc. ABS Index	3.9	1.68	5.43	0.39	0.16
Bloomberg Intermediate Corporate Index	4.1	2.04	6.58	0.72	1.16
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index	4.9	2.10	6.87	-	-
Bloomberg MBS Index	5.8	2.43	6.76	0.83	0.97
Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index	5.9	1.51	5.36	-	-
Bloomberg Aggregate Index	6.0	2.03	6.13	0.48	0.60
Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate Index	6.1	3.40	8.51	1.86	2.96
Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Index	6.9	2.60	6.88	0.98	1.23
Bloomberg 10 Year U.S. Treasury Bellwether Index	8.0	1.84	7.01	_	-
Bloomberg Taxable Municipal Index	9.2	2.75	6.42	0.86	0.22
Bloomberg Long Corporate Index	12.8	3.79	7.56	1.55	1.46

Data reported as of September 30, 2025

Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Source: Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan, Palmer Square, ICE, Bank of America, BBH.

Unless otherwise noted Excess Returns are the returns in the excess of duration matched Treasuries.

¹ Excess return computed by BBH as total return less the return of the Bloomberg 3 Month T-Bill Bellwether Index, a proxy for the duration profile of floating-rate leveraged loans and CLO debt. CLO = Collateralized Loan Obligation; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; TIPS = Treasury Inflation Protected Securities; EM = Emerging Markets; YE26 = year-end 2026

of the credit markets. For example, there are opportunities for incremental yield in shorter maturity, high-grade corporate bonds. Debt of smaller issuers also screens favorably within the high yield bond and loan markets. Several nontraditional ABS subsectors screen attractively, and spreads of many commercial mortgage-backed security (CMBS) subsectors are at or above the medians of their historical ranges.

Valuations

Both supply and demand for credit continue to be very strong. Credit issuance was strong vs. the subdued volumes from last quarter on account of lower interest rates and narrower credit risk spreads. Investment grade corporate bond issuance was in line with last year's record-setting pace, while leveraged corporate debt issuance decreased 7% year over year. Leveraged corporate issuers increasingly chose bond issuance, where volumes were up 6% over last year, vs. loans (down 11%). ABS volumes were down 2% from 2024's pace for both traditional and nontraditional subsectors. Nonagency CMBS issuance was robust, with 40% more issuance than last year. Meanwhile, taxable bond fund flows are on pace to have one of the strongest calendar years on record. According to research from Barclays, new issues of investment grade corporate bonds have been approximately four times oversubscribed, with yields driven lower by 0.25% from their announcement to final pricing. Debt markets are open to issuers looking to refinance or raise new capital.

Generous refinancing availability tends to obscure cracks in credit quality; however, there are several trends that

^{&#}x27;Our valuation framework is a purely quantitative screen for bonds that may offer excess return potential, primarily from mean reversion in spreads. When the potential excess return is above a specific hurdle rate, we label them "Buys" (others are "Holds" or "Sells"). These ratings are category names, not recommendations, as the valuation framework includes no credit research, a vital second step.

suggest the durability of issuers may be tested in the near future. Signs of stress are emerging for lower-income U.S. consumers. These consumers' wages have not kept pace with the inflationary environment of 2022–2023, and high prices continue to impact spending choices. These inflationary dynamics will likely continue over the next 12 months. Prices of nonessential commodities such as coffee and chocolate have surged and are shifting consumers' spending patterns towards staple goods. In addition, the price of federal healthcare programs is expected to increase by a median 18% in 2026 with the expiration of Affordable Care Act subsidies. Labor market conditions are a reason for concern, as wage growth has moderated and non-farm payrolls sit near their weakest levels in over 15 years (excluding the months following the onset of COVID-19). There are many loan credit performance indicators that suggest these trends are beginning to impact credit markets. Subprime auto loan default rates are near the higher end of their historical range. Delinquency rates of student loans are elevated after the U.S. government's forbearance program ended, yet the resumption of student loan payments has not yet appeared to impact delinquency rates of other types of consumer loans.

EXHIBIT II: OUTLOOK BY SEC	TOR	
Sector	Outlook	Positioning
Reserves		
U.S. Treasuries/futures/reserves	Hold when attractive credits unavailable	Held to balance yield curve and duration exposures
Government-related	Unattractive valuations; better opportunities elsewhere	No positions in portfolios
Structured credit		
U.S. MBS	No purchase opportunities in 15- or 30-year pools	No positions in portfolios
RMBS	Continued credit, technical, and valuation concerns	No positions in portfolios
CMBS	Opportunities exist as spreads are near the medians of their historical ranges	Hold issues of SASB and Freddie K securitizations with strong durability and transparency
ABS	Spreads lower but mask variation of opportunities within subsectors	Hold positions across diversified set of nontraditional segments
Corporate credit		
IG corporate bonds	Spreads near historic lows, but some shorter-dated credits screen attractively	Holdings remain in some interest rate sensitive sectors and among certain security selection opportunities
Corporate loans	Opportunities remain in smaller issuers as delinquencies rates stay low	Holdings are diversified and include credits issued by healthcare, airlines, and technology companies
HY corporate bonds	Spreads of "BB" and "B" issues near historical lows, but bonds of some smaller issuers screen favorably	Identified newer opportunities in bonds of tech- nology companies, specialty REITs, and midstream energy companies
Other credit		
Municipal	Valuations of select municipals are attractive for inclusion in taxable portfolios	Holdings include transportation revenue bonds
Emerging markets	Concerns remain about creditor rights in most emerging market countries	No positions in portfolios

As of September 30, 2025. Portfolio holdings and characteristics are subject to change.

MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; RMBS = Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; IG = Investment Grade; HY = High Yield; SASB = Single Asset, Single Borrower; REIT = Real Estate Investment Trust Source: BBH

Performance

The Fund had strong performance during the quarter, with sector effects driving performance. Interest rates contributed to absolute returns but had only minimal impact on relative returns. Sector weightings within holdings of ABS, investment grade corporate bonds, and loans had strong contributions. Selection of investment grade and high yield corporate bonds contributed positively to performance. Positions in investment grade life insurance

bonds and media entertainment loans contributed to results. Holdings of triple net lease ABS and loans to cable satellite companies had a negative impact on selection results during the quarter.

Transaction Summary

We continued to find durable credits² offering attractive value even as valuations reflect a growing belief that the U.S. economy is slowing. The table below summarizes a few notable portfolio additions.

Characteristics

At the end of the quarter, the Fund's duration was 0.90 years, consistent with the objective of capital preservation. The Fund's yield to maturity was 4.92% and remained elevated vs. short-term bond market alternatives. The Fund's weight reserves increased to 12% from 5%. Exposure to BBB-rated credits decreased over the quarter. The Fund held 5% in high yield and non-rated credit instruments, similar to last quarter's level.

EXHIBIT III: PERFORMANCE ATTRIBUTION

	Average weight (%)	Contrib	Contribution (ba		
	Portfolio	Rates	Sector	Selection	
Total portfolio	100.0%	113	33	1	
Reserves	8.4%		0	-1	
Municipal	0.3%		0	0	
CMBS	4.0%		2	0	
ABS	21.2%		7	-3	
IG corporate bonds	55.6%		17	2	
Corporate loans	8.3%		5	0	
HY corporate bonds	2.1%		1	4	

Past performance is no guarantee future results

Contribution figures are presented gross of fees

Data reported quarterly from June 30, 2025 to September 30, 2025

Basis point or "bp" is 1/100th of a percent (0.01% or 0.0001)

CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; IG = Investment Grade; HY = High Yield

Source: BBH

EXHIBIT IV: TRANSACTION SUMMARY

			Yield			Spread			
Obligor	Coupon	Maturity	(YTM)	Rating	Spread	reference	Duration	Sector	Subsector
Oportun Funding LLC	4.49	7/8/2033	4.5	AAA	80	Treasuries	1.9	ABS	Personal consumer loan ABS
Republic Finance Issuance Trust	4.59	11/20/2034	4.6	AAA	100	Treasuries	3.3	ABS	Personal consumer loan ABS
Merck & Co Inc	4.15	9/15/2030	4.2	AA-	45	Treasuries	4.5	Corporate bond	Pharmaceuti- cals
Bankers Healthcare Group Securitization Trust	5.00	8/18/2036	5.3	AAA	130	Treasuries	2.4	ABS	Personal consumer loan ABS
Western & Southern Life Insurance	4.50	7/16/2028	4.5	AA	70	Treasuries	2.8	Corporate bond	Life insurance
AHPT 2025-ATRM	6.00	8/15/2030	6.1	AAA	165	SOFR	0.1	CMBS	Floating SASB
Drawbridge Special Opportunities Fund LP	5.95	9/17/2030	6.1	BBB+	250	Treasuries	4.2	Corporate bond	Financial other
Bankers Healthcare Group Securi- tization Trust	4.84	9/17/2036	4.9	ААА	100	Treasuries	2.5	ABS	Personal consumer loan ABS
Santander Drive Auto Receivables Trust	4.14	9/15/2032	4.2	AAA	62	Treasuries	1.4	ABS	Subprime auto ABS
BMW US Capital LLC	4.15	8/11/2027	4.2	Α	50	Treasuries	1.9	Corporate bond	Automotive

As of September 30, 2025. Portfolio holdings and characteristics are subject to change.

MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities

Source: BBH

² Obligations such as bonds, notes, loans, leases, and other forms of indebtedness, except for cash and cash equivalents, issued by obligors other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, totaled at the level of the ultimate obligor or guarantor of the Obligation. Durable means the ability to withstand a wide variety of economic conditions.

Portfolio characteristics						
	Portfolio	Benchmark	Active			
Effective duration (years)	0.90	1.82	-0.92			
Spread duration (years)	1.62	0.00	1.62			
Yield to maturity (%)	4.92	3.65	1.27			
Option-adjusted spread (bps)	95	0	95			

Credit rating (%)		
oroalerating (70)	Portfolio	Benchmark
AAA/TSY/cash	34.5	100.0
AA	13.4	0.0
A	27.2	0.0
BBB	19.9	0.0
ВВ	2.7	0.0
В	1.7	0.0
CCC & below/NR	0.6	0.0

Portfolio holdings and characteristics are	subject to change.
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Benchmark is the Bloomberg US 1-3 Treasury Bond Index Data reported as of September 30, 2025

Basis point or "bp" is 1/100th of a percent (0.01% or 0.0001)

Sector allocation (%)			
	Portfolio	Benchmark	Active
Reserves	12.0	100.0	-88.0
Government related	0.4	0.0	0.4
Municipal	0.3	0.0	0.3
MBS	0.0	0.0	0.0
RMBS (non-agency)	0.0	0.0	0.0
CMBS	3.9	0.0	3.9
ABS	21.4	0.0	21.4
IG corporate bonds	51.7	0.0	51.7
Corporate loans	8.1	0.0	8.1
HY corporate bonds	2.1	0.1	2.1

TSY = Treasury; MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; RMBS = Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; IG = Investment Grade; HY = High Yield

Source: BBH

Concluding Remarks

U.S. business conditions appear stronger. Default rates continue to moderate, delinquency rates and charge-offs of business loans remain subdued, and loan performance within CLOs and business development companies (BDCs) remains strong. There are significant infrastructure capital expenditures being made to support artificial intelligence (AI) ambitions, and they are being financed through the corporate and structured credit markets. With narrow spreads and many of these projects facing uncertain outcomes, strong credit research is paramount for navigating the increasing breadth of opportunities.

Strong credit research is always a necessary ingredient for attaining sustainable credit performance, and it is perhaps no surprise that our credit research identifies many issues that offer attractive yields but do not possess the durability features we seek. However, opportunities remain in every market. In environments of low-risk spreads and sparse opportunity, we believe that the virtues of a bottom-up process build portfolios of durable credits at attractive yields that can prevail in economic uncertainty and benefit our clients' performance journey.

Sincerely,



Andrew P. HoferFund Co-Manager

Me



Neil Hohmann, PhD Fund Co-Manager

Neil Hohman



Paul Kunz, LL.M, CFA Fund Co-Manager

Parker



Thomas Brennan, CFAFixed Income Product Specialist

Thomas Burn



The **BBH Limited Duration Fund (BBBIX)** was named the Best Short Investment Grade Debt Funds over five years, for the period ending December 31, 2023. The fund was assessed against 90 funds in this category.

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Traditional ABS include prime auto backed loans, credit cards and student loans (FFELP). Non-traditional ABS include ABS backed by other collateral types.

Effective duration is a measure of the portfolio's return sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

Weighted Average Life of securities excludes US Treasury futures positions.

Yield to Maturity is the rate of return the portfolio would achieve if all purchased bonds and derivatives were held to maturity, assuming all coupon and principal payments are received as scheduled and reinvested at the same yield to maturity. This figure is subject to change and is not meant to represent the yield earned by any particular security. Yield to Maturity is before fees and expenses.

The selection effect measures the investment manager's ability to select securities within a given segment relative to a benchmark.

The sector effect measures an investment manager's ability to effectively allocate their portfolio's assets to specific sectors relative to a benchmark.

The Class I shares commenced operations on December 3, 2002. Prior to December 3, 2002, performance reflects performance of the Class N shares adjusted to assume that all charges, expenses and fees were deducted. Performance prior to December 22, 2000 is that of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio adjusted to assume that all charges, expenses and fees of the Fund and the Portfolio which are presently in effect were deducted during such periods, as permitted by applicable SEC staff interpretations. The inception date of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio was July 20, 2000.

The Class N shares commenced operations on December 22, 2000. Performance prior to December 22, 2000 is that of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio adjusted to assume that all charges, expenses and fees of the Fund and the Portfolio which are presently in effect were deducted during such periods, as permitted by applicable SEC staff interpretations. The inception date of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio was July 20, 2000.

RISKS

Bond prices are sensitive to changes in interest rates and a rise in interest rates can cause a decline in their prices.

Asset-Backed Securities ("ABS") are subject to risks due to defaults by the borrowers; failure of the issuer or servicer to perform; the variability in cash flows due to amortization or acceleration features; changes in interest rates which may influence the prepayments of the underlying securities; misrepresentation of asset quality, value or inadequate controls over disbursements and receipts; and the security being structured in ways that give certain investors less credit risk protection than others.

SASB lacks the diversification of a transaction backed by multiple loans since performance is concentrated in one commercial property. SASBs may be less liquid in the secondary market than loans backed by multiple commercial properties.

Foreign investing involves special risks including currency risk, increased volatility, political risks, and differences in auditing and other financial standards.

The Fund also invests in derivative instruments, investments whose values depend on the performance of the underlying security, assets, interest rate, index or currency and entail potentially higher volatility and risk of loss compared to traditional stock or bond investments.

DEFINITIONS

The Bloomberg U.S. 1-3 Year Treasury Bond Index is an unmanaged index of fixed rate obligations of the U.S. Treasury with maturities ranging from 1-3 years.

Bloomberg Short-Term Corporate Index is an unmanaged index comprised of U.S. dollar denominated, investment grade, fixed rate, corporate securities with a remaining maturity from 1 day up to (but not including) 12 months and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding.

Bloomberg US Aggregate ABS Index represents the ABS components of the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index.

The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index is a market-weighted index that tracks the daily price, coupon, pay-downs, and total return performance of fixed-rate, publicly placed, dollar-denominated, and non-convertible investment grade debt issues with at least \$300 million par amount outstanding and with at least one year to final maturity.

Bloomberg US Treasury Bills Index is an unmanaged index comprised publicly-issued U.S. Treasury bills with a remaining maturity from 1 day up to (but not including) 12 months. It excludes zero coupon strips. An index is not available for direct investment.

The composition of the index is materially different than the Fund's holdings. The Fund is actively managed and does not measure its performance success nor alter its construction in relation to any particular benchmark or index. An index is not available for direct investment.

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You should consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before you invest. Information about these and other important subjects is in the fund's prospectus, which you should read carefully before investing.

Shares of the Fund are distributed by ALPS Distributors, Inc. and is located at 1290 Broadway, Suite 1000, Denver, CO 80203. Other products are offered by Brown Brothers Harriman.

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